Introduction
We examined whether participation in Integrative Medicine (IM) services would decrease perceived pain, anxiety and nausea in the acute care setting.

• 14,581 Inpatient IM treatments were provided at Morristown Medical Center (Morristown, NJ) in 2013.
• IM practitioners worked in 23 units of a large tertiary care hospital.

Experimental Design
• Patients were given 1-3 treatment sessions (20 min in length).
  • Most patients received only one session.
  • Pre-post treatment self-report ratings of pain, anxiety and nausea were obtained via survey questionnaire.
  • Complete data was collected on 13,606 treatments (93%) out of the total 14,581 treatments provided.

Results
There were significant pre-post treatment decreases (Wilcoxon Signed Rank tests p <.001 for all 3 tests):
• Pain (42% reduction)
• Anxiety (58% reduction)
• Nausea (54% reduction)

Conclusion
Integrative Medicine treatments can be incorporated into conventional care in large hospital systems, with positive reported patient outcomes. Clinical Effectiveness studies on IM that also assess cost savings and the impact on length of hospital stay should be conducted.